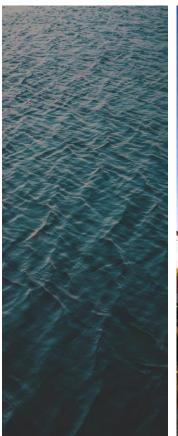




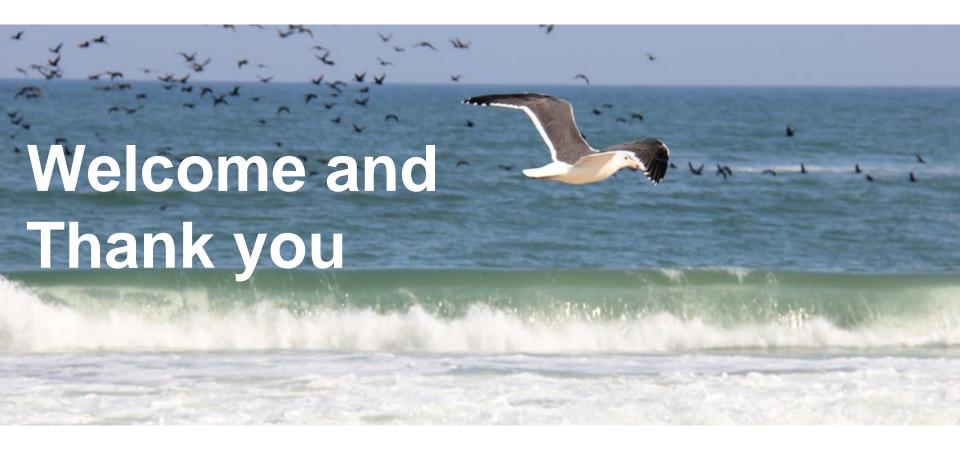
#### SANDPIPER MARINE PHOSPHATE PROJECT

Ministry Application Reference Number APP - 003397

**ESIA Public Consultation** 









#### **AGENDA**



- Main Objectives
- Background Information
- Environmental & Social Impact Assessment (ESIA)
  Process Presented by ECC
- NMP Presentation Presented by Mike Woodborne
- Potential Biophysical & Socio-economic Impacts -Presented by ECC
- Baseline Studies
- Public Participation

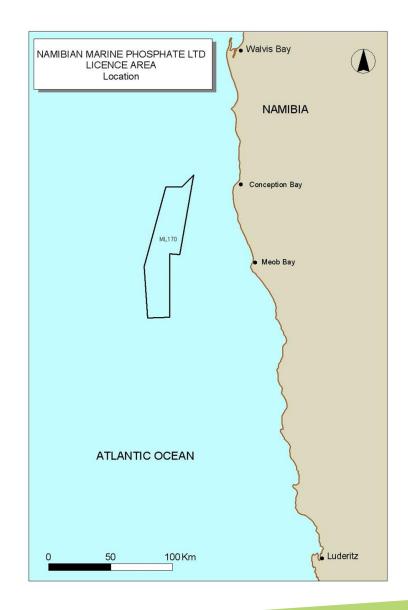
### **Meeting Objectives**



- ✓ Provide information describing the proposed Sandpiper Marine Phosphate Project
- ✓ Provide an overview of the independent environmental and social assessment process
- ✓ Listen to the public and recorded issues or concerns, and incorporate this into the assessment process

#### Why are we here?

- 2011 Mining licence issued to NMP for Phosphate Mining
- 2012 Detailed feasibility study (DFS) completed
  - Marine ML 170 EIA and ECC application submitted
- 2012 ML 170 additional stakeholder consultation completed
- 2013 EIA verification studies commenced
- 2013 18 month moratorium announced by MFMR
- 2014 EIA verification studies completed
- 2015 18 month moratorium concluded
- 2016 environmental clearance certificate awarded to NMP for ML 170 Marine Phosphate Mining
- 2016 appeal & legal action initiated
  - Project suspended in this time
- 2018 public consultation recommenced by order MFFT
- 2020 supplementary environmental studies completed
- 2021 legal action completed and high court judgement issued to:
  - Confirm ML validity
  - And to reapply for ECC that's why we are here.

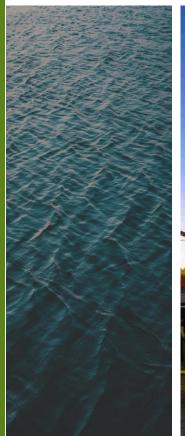






#### Mike Woodborne

**Chief Operating Officer for NMP** 





#### **NMP Structure and Project Milestones**

## **Ownership Structure** Namibian Partner Havana **Mawarid Mining Investments Ptv** LLC Limited 85% 15% 100% Sandpiper Marine **Phosphate Project**

#### **Project Milestones**

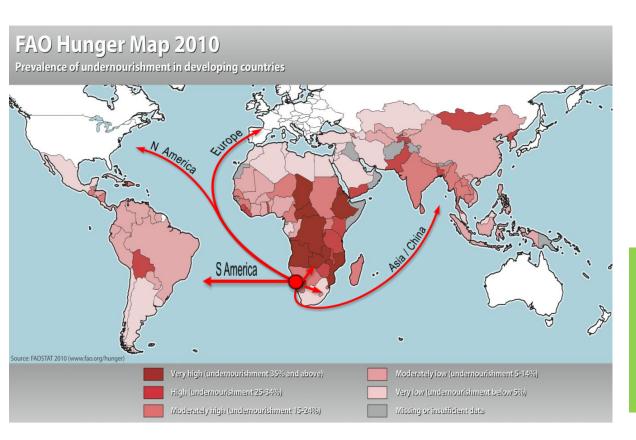
- ✓ Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) completed
  - Technical parameters
  - Financially positive
- ✓ Defined JORC & NI43-101 resource
- ✓ Mining Licence granted (ML 170)
- ✓ Pilot test work completed and commercial viability confirmed
- ✓ Environmental Impact Assessment underway



#### What is Phosphate & Where is it Used?



#### Sandpiper Phosphate Project - Market and Products



• The designations employed and the presentation of material in the map(s) do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of FAO concerning the legal or constitutional status of any country, territory or sea area, or concerning the delimitation of frontiers.

While lithium-iron-phosphate (LFP) batteries make up only a small percentage of the specialty phosphate market, they are forecast to see continued growth. It's worth noting that LFP technology isn't new — it is one of the original battery formulas — but it was phased out in the early 2000s due to lack of efficiency.

#### Potential uses

- Direct Application Phosphate Rock (DAPR)
- 2. Single Super Phosphate (SSP)
- 3. Phosphoric Acid
- 4. Fertilizer Products
  - Di-Ammonium Phosphate (DAP)
  - Mono-Ammonium Phosphate (MAP)
  - NPK
- 5. Lithium Ferro-Phosphate Batteries

"One of the first ways to meet the increasing demand for food is to increase crop yields by using fertilizers. Rising commodity prices mean that farmers are making better profits and can afford to buy fertilizers. Demand and prices are expected to grow strongly over the next decade."

Investor Chronicle, May 9, 2011

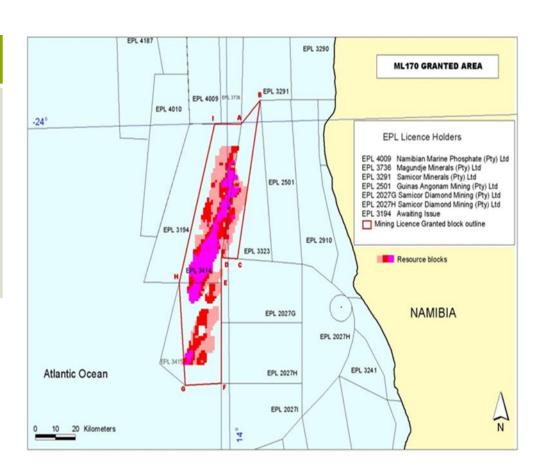
<u>Phosphate Outlook 2022: Geopolitics to be a Key</u> Market Mover

Georgia Williams Jan. 26, 2022 02:00PM PST

#### **Mineral Reserves and Resources**

Ore Reserves	Mineral Resources	Cut-off grade
Proven and Probable Ore Reserves of 132.76 Mt at 20.41% P2O5	Indicated Mineral Resource of 80Mt at 19.8%P2O5 (Indicated) Inferred Mineral Resource of 1.61 billion tons at 18.9% P2O5	Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources were estimated at a 15% cut off grade

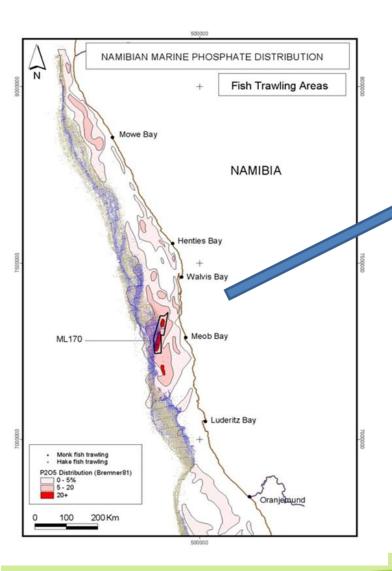
Based on a commercially viable cut-off grade of 15% P205, the phosphate resource within ML170 could sustain mining operations and benefits for future Namibian generations for more than 100 years.

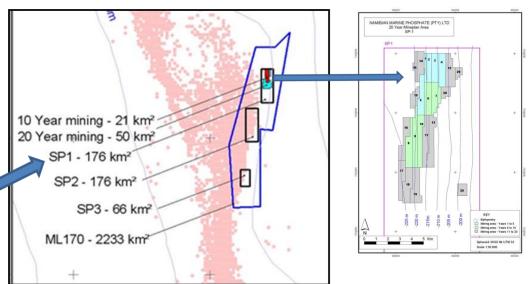


#### **Beneficiation Process**



### 20 Yr Mine Plan – Scale and Perspective

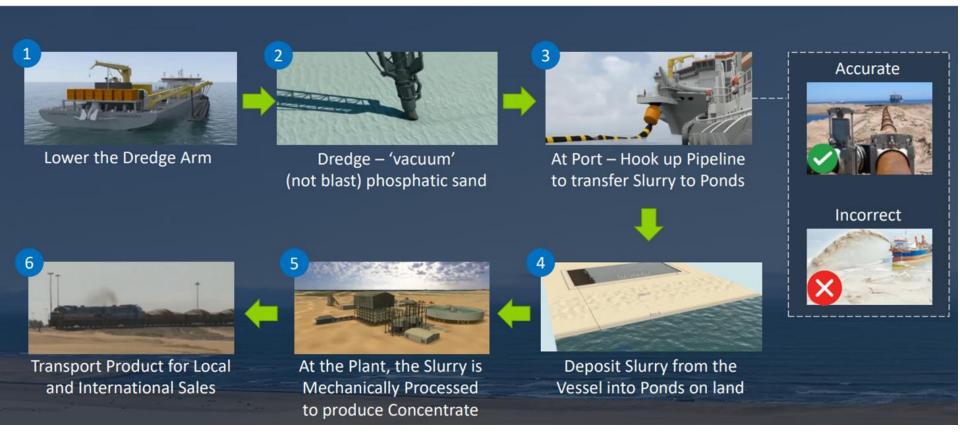




	Area (km²)	Area as	s % of ML 170
ML 170	2233	100	
SP1	176	7.9	
SP2	176	7.9	
SP3	66	3.0	
20 Year mineplan		50	2.2
10 Year mineplan		21	0.9
1 Year mineplan		2.3	0.1



### What are the Project Stages?

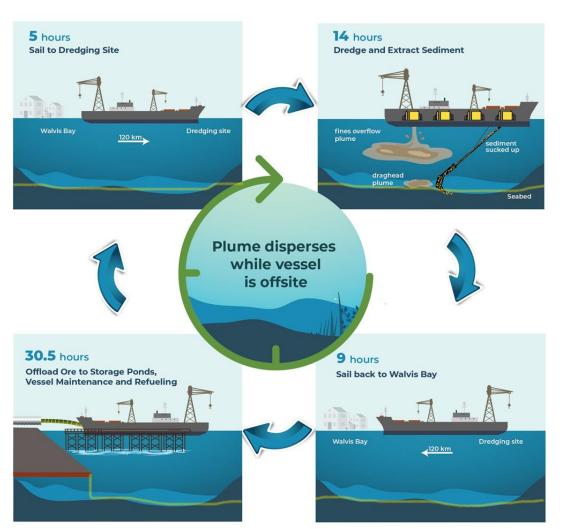


#### **Dredging Cycle**

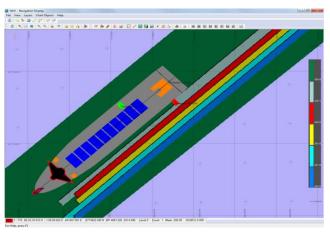


#### 58.5 Hours Average Cycle Time

2.85 Cycles/Week





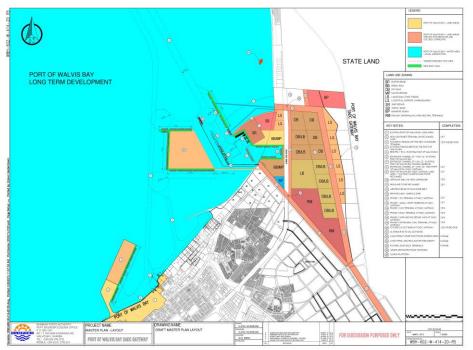


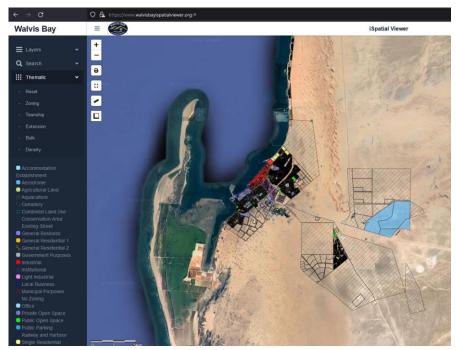


### **Related Industrial Developments**

Namport Expansion

Walvis Bay Spatial Development









#### What Permitting is Required for a Project to Begin?



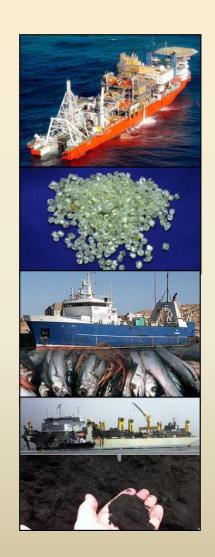


#### Thank You



Namibia is fortunate that off its coast there are world class natural resources of fish and minerals in its ocean.

Marine Industries have a joint responsibility to enable Namibia to benefit from responsible development of <u>all</u> of its natural marine resources



#### **ESIA Process**

- Screening APP-003397 (MEFT DEA Portal)
- Scoping Current phase
- Assessment phase next phase
  - Impact prediction and evaluation of the project and alternatives
  - Assigning mitigation measures
  - Developing monitoring plans
  - This phase culminates in the draft ESIA report and EMP
  - Submission to competent authorities



### **Public Participation**



- Public notification of the project
- Background Information Document (BID) provided I&APs
- Public provided the opportunity to take part in the public participation process
- Direct consultation and focus group meetings with required stakeholders
- This presentation extracts information from the BID to describe the project to those attending the meeting.

# Potential impacts to be assessed



- Potential impacts that can arise from the proposed project may include but are not limited to:
  - Effects on marine benthic fauna
  - Modification to the water column
  - Interference with fish behaviour.
  - Implications for the commercial fishing industry
  - Implications on marine fauna
  - Job creation and skills development
  - Social upliftment
  - Regional and national economic benefits
  - Others both socioeconomic and biophysical



## **Baseline and Impact Assessment Studies Commissioned to date**

Specialists and	Company/Organisations	Specialist Studies
Consultants		
		Fisheries seabirds and mammals
D Japp	Capfish	Fisheries
James Gaylard	Capfish	Biomass and Stock Estimates Hanke and
		Monkfish
Dr Hilkka Ndjaula	Unam	Reproductive Dynamics, recruitment and
		stock dynamics
Prof Mark Gibbons	UWC	Jellyfish
Dr Dave japp	Capfish	Seabirds and Mammals
Dr Dave japp	Capfish, MFMR	Marine Biodiversity Study
Dr Kevern Cochran	Capfish	Ecosystem assessment
Dr Dave japp	Capfish	Noise
		Water column and Sediments
Dr Robn Carter	Lwandle	Current Velocity and water mass
		Dissolved Oxygen
		Surfical Sediments
		Particulate Organic Matter concentraitons
		Inorganic Nutrient Levels
		Oxidative State
		Heavy Metal concentrations
		Hydrogen Sulphide
		Sediment Toxicity Study (pre-dredging)
		Benthos
Dr Nina Steffani	Steffani Environmental	Macrobenthos
		Plankton
Dr Bronwyn Kirby	UWC	Thiobacteria Study
Sebastian Brown	CSIR	Analytical methods
Dr Simon Foster	Pgysilia , UK	Meiofauna
Dr Tim McClurg	KZN Coastal Impact	Epifauna
		Plume Dispertion Modelling
Roy Van Ballengooyen	CSIR	Plume Dispertion Modelling
HR Wallingord (UK)	HR Wallingford	Plume Dispersion Modelling Detailed
		Geology and Physiography
Dr John Compton	UCT	Depositional History of Phosphate
Gordon Rigg	Marine Data Consultants	Seabed Physiography and habitat



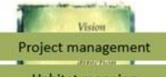




## Specialist EIA Studies

Seafloor mapping





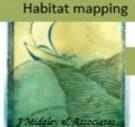




Ecosystem assessment



In-fauna





Plume assessment

Capfish

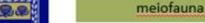








Biogeochemistry





Mega fauna



Marine instrumentation













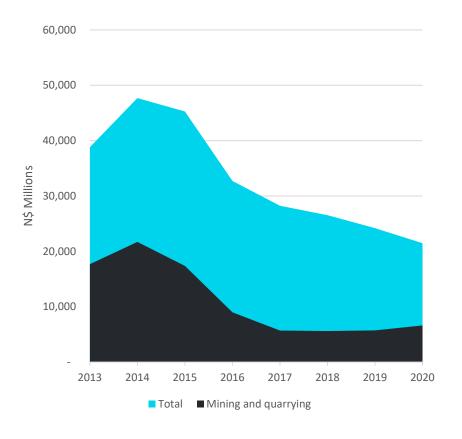
#### **Socio Economics - Sandpiper Project**

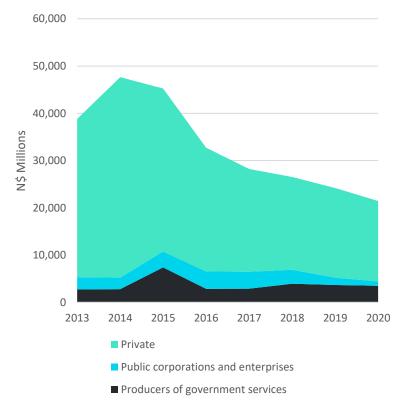
At a project level, if it were to be implemented, NMP's Sandpiper Project will:

- employ over 600 Namibians (directly and indirectly) for construction and operations in Walvis Bay
- create opportunities for SMEs and other economic sectors
- spend an estimated N\$ 1 billion on civil and local infrastructure
- require a capital investment of N\$ 5.2 billion for the development
- expect an annual revenue of N\$ 4.2 billion
- contribute direct taxes of N\$ 650 million/year
- contribute royalties of N\$ 78 million/year



#### **Investment**







### What you can do!



- Provide in writing, any issues and suggestions regarding the proposed development. This correspondence must include:
  - 1. Name & Surname;
  - 2. Organization represented;
  - 3. Position in the organization;
  - 4. Contact details and;
  - 5. Any direct business, financial, personal or other interest which you may have in the approval or refusal of the application.
- All initial contributions, comments and concerns must be submitted by 25<sup>th</sup> February 2022.
- Send written submissions to info@eccenvironmental.com
- Or uploaded onto the ECC website



# Questions / Comments / Concerns

Name / Organisation	Comment / Concern



### **Activities and Permitting**

of 46,000 m3 is filled.

#### Part 1 Part 3 Part 4 Operations outside of ML170 Operations outside of ML170 The following activities will then take place onshore subject (which form part of the Onshore to site allocation by relevant authorities Sail to dredging site, 120km from Project and Environmental Construction and operation of the dredger discharge facility and Walvis Bay. Clearance application to follow) buffer ponds to receive and store dredged phosphate ore for processing within Namport property limits Part 2 Sailing to Walvis Bay for discharge of the ore to shore-based facilities · Construction and operation of the process plant infrastructure Operations in ML170 (this and concentrate product storage facilities within municipal Connecting to a dolphin mooring, with application) and/or state property limits attached flexible pipeline or dedicated · Dredging on a north or south discharge berth, pumping (ship's heading, (swell dependent) with the Construction and operation of the tailing's storage facility and pumps) the slurry ashore to a holding continual engagement of the dredge related servitudes, within municipal and/or state property limits pond, disengage arm and drag head, recovering Construction and operation of the vessel berthing and loading sediment in a 3 mm wide x 0.75 m Sailing back to the operational facility within Namport property limits deep swath, until the vessel hopper location and continue dredging.